BUSINESS PLAN

INCOME GENERATING ACTIVITY -Vermi-compost by Aastha - Self Help Group Talayal



SHG/CIG Name	::	Aastha SHG Talayal
VFDS Name	::	Talayal
Range	::	Taradevi
Division	::	Shimla

Prepared under:



Project for Improvement of Himachal Pradesh Forest Ecosystems Management & Livelihoods (JICA Assisted)

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Background

Vermi composting has been gaining a strong foothold in the country due to simple production techniques, ecological, economic and human health benefits associated with it. A significant number of vermicomposting units have been set up by entrepreneurs, under government support/ with the technical guidance of Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs), particularly in the southern and central parts of the country.

Vermi composting has direct environmental and economic benefits as it contributes to the sustainable agriculture production and income of farmers significantly. There are a number of NGOs, Community Based Organizations (CBOs), Self-Help Groups (SHGs), Trusts etc. which are making concerted efforts to promote vermicomposting technology due to its established economic and environmental advantages.

Vermicomposting

Production of compost through rearing/using earth worms is called the vermicomposting technology. Under this technology, earthworms eat biomass and excrete it in a digested form which is known as vermicomposting or vermicompost. It is one of the simplest and cost effective methods for the production of composting for both the small and large scale farmers. Vermicompost production unit can be set up in any land which is not under any economic use but shady and free from water stagnation. The site should also be nearer to a water resource

Vermicomposting, rightly called "gold from garbage" is the major input in organic agriculture production. Owing to simple technology, many farmers are engaged in vermicomposting production as it invigorates soil health, soil productivity reduces the cost of cultivation.

There is a gradual increase in demand for vermicompost due to the high level of nutrient contents.

1. Description of SHG/CIG

SHG/CIG Name	::	Aastha Self Help Group Talayal
VFDS	::	Talayal
Range	::	Taradevi
Division	::	Shimla
Village	::	Talayal,
Block	::	Tuto
District	::	Shimla
Total No. of Members in SHG	::	11
Date of formation	::	05-09-2020
Bank a/c No.	::	40052595077
Bank Details	::	SBI Ghech (Kohbag)
SHG/CIG Monthly Saving	::	100/-
Total saving		6600/-
Total inter-loaning		-
Cash Credit Limit		-
Repayment Status		-

2. Beneficiaries Detail:

SI. No	Name	Father/ HusbName	Age	Category	Income Source	Address	
1	Pushpa Devi	Ashwani	32	SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
2	Kumari Bindu	Ravi Kumar	28	SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
3	Pushpa			SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
4	Ram Dai	Hari Singh	58	SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
5	Neelam Rajender		44	SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
6	Jaiwanti Jagdish Chand		57	SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
7	Shashi Prabha	Bhupender	55	Gen	Agriculture	Talayal	
8	Nardu Devi	Tek Chand	48	SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
9	Deepawati	Satish Kumar	43	SC	Agriculture	Talayal	
10	Meera	Surender	42	Gen	Agriculture	Talayal	
11	Meena	Virender Kaushal	32	Gen	Agriculture	Talayal	

3. Geographical details of the Village

3.1	Distance from the District HQ	::	30 Km			
3.2	Distance from Main Road	::	8 Km			
3.3	Name of local market & distance	::	Ghanahatti, 10 Km			
3.4	Name of main market & distance		Shimla, 30 Km			
3.5	Name of main cities & distance		Shimla, 30 Km			
3.6	Name of main cities where product will be sold/ marketed	::	HP Forest Deptt. & Shimla			

4. Description of Product related to Income Generating Activity

4.1	Name of the Product			Vermicomposting
4.2	Method of identification	product	::	This activity is being already done by some SHG members and has been collectively

			decided by group members
4.3	Consent of SHG/ CIG / cluster	::	Yes
	members		

5. Description of Production Processes

Step		Description
Step-1	::	Processing involving collection of wastes, shredding, mechanical separation of the metal, glass and ceramics and storage of organic wastes.
Step-2	::	Pre digestion of organic waste for twenty days by heaping the material along with cattle dung slurry. This process partially digests the material and fit for earthworm consumption. Cattle dung and biogas slurry may be used after drying. Wet dung should not be used for vermi-compost production.
Step-3	::	Preparation of earthworm bed. A concrete base is required to put the waste for vermi-compost preparation. Loose soil will allow the worms to go into soil and also while watering, all the dissolvable nutrients go into the soil along with water.
Step-4	::	Collection of earthworm after vermi-compost collection. Sieving the composted material to separate fully composted material. The partially composted material will be again put into vermi-compost bed.
Step-5	::	Storing the vermi-compost in proper place to maintain moisture and allow the beneficial microorganisms to grow.

6. Description of Production Planning

6.1	Production Cycle (in days)	::	90 days (three cycles in a year)
6.2	Manpower required per	::	1
	cycle (No.)		
6.3	Source of raw materials	::	From household and own farms

6.4	Source of other resources	::	Open market
6.5	Raw material - quantity required per cycle (Kg) per member	::	1800 Kg per cycle
6.6	Expected production per cycle (Kg) per member	::	900 Kg per cycle

7. Description of Marketing/ Sale

7.1	Potential market places	••	HP Forest Deptt.
7.2	Distance from the unit	::	Local market
			Use on own farm
7.3	Demand of the product	::	HO Forest deptt is procuring huge
	in market place/s		vermi-compost for their nursery
7.4	Process of identification	::	PMU will facilitate the tie up of
	of market		procurement of vermi-compost produced by SHG by HP Forest
			deptt.
7.5	Marketing Strategy of the		SHG members will also explore the
	product		additional marketing options
			around their villages for better sale price in future.
7.6	Product branding		At CIG/SHG level product will be
/ .5			marketed by branding of
			respective CIG/SHG. Later this IGA
			may require branding at cluster
			level
7.7	Product "slogan"		"Nature Friendly"

8. SWOT Analysis

Strength

- Activity is being already done by some SHG members
- ⇒ Each of the SHG members are having cattle varying from 2 to 8 in each household

- ⇒ Families of SHG members are cultivating high value crops & vegetables which offers adequate availability of raw materials i.e. farm organic wastes throughout the year.
- Raw material easily available at their farms
- Manufacturing process is simple
- Proper packing and easy to transport
- Other family members will also cooperate with beneficiaries
- Product self-life is long

Weakness

- Effect of temperature, humidity, moisture on manufacturing process/product.
- Lack of technical know-how

Opportunity

- Increasing demand of vermi-compost on account of awareness among farmers about organic and natural farming
- Application of vermi-compost on their own field will go a long way in improving and enhancing the soil health and production of quality farm produce which will offer better price.
- Best utilization of organic waste including household left outs of kitchens
- Potential for marketing tie up with HP Forest

Threats/Risks

- Possibility of break of production cycle due to extreme weather
- Competitive market
- Level of commitment among beneficiaries towards participation in training/ capacity building & skill up-gradation

9. Description of Management among Members

- → Production It will be taken care of by individual members including procurement of raw materials
- → Quality assurance Collectively
- → Cleaning & packaging Collectively
- → Marketing Collectively
- → Monitoring of the unit Collectively

10. Description of Economics

(Amount in actual Rs.)

S. No	Particulars	Units	Quantity / Nos.	Cost (Rs.)	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Α.	Capital Cost								
A.1	Construction of Pit and shed								
1	Construction as well as labour cost including shed (Pit Size internal will be of 10ftX4ftX2ft)	Per member	11	6000	66000	0	0	0	0
2	Errection of cover shed with iron angal	Per member	11	4000	44000				
	Sub-total (A.1)				110000	0	0	0	0
A.2	Machinery and equipment								
2	Tools, equipment, weighing scale etc.	Per member	11	2000	22000	0	0	0	0
	Sub-total (A.2)				22000	0	0	0	0
	Total Capital Costs (A.1+A.2)				132000	0	0	0	0
В	Recurring Costs								
5	Seed earthworm	Per Kg	11	500	5500	0	0	0	0
6	Cost of procurement of Slurry/dung/waste	Tonnes	60	900	54000	56700	59535	62512	65637
7	Labour Cost	Per tonne	30	700	21000	22050	23153	24310	25526
8	Packing materials	No.	5000	2	10000	10500	11025	11576	12155

9	Other handling charges	Per tonne	30	150	4500	4725	4961	5209	5470
С	Other charges								
10	Insurance	L/S			0	0	0	0	0
11	Interest on loan	Per annum		2 per cent	3000	3000	3000	3000	3000
	Total recurring costs				98000	96975	101674	106607	111788
	Total cost = Capital and recurring				230000	96975	101674	106607	111788
D	Income from vermicomposting								
12	Sale of vermicompost	Tonnes	30	6000	180000	189000	198450	208373	218791
13	Sale of earthworm					5500	11000	11000	11000
13	Total revenue				180000	194500	209450	219373	229791
13	Net returns (C-B)				82000	97525	107776	112765	118003

Note – As labour work will be done by SHG members themselves and Slurry/dung/waste already available at their place and these materials will be not procured by them, therefore, recurring cost (Labour Cost, Cost of procurement of Slurry/dung/waste) can be deducted from total recurring cost.

Economic Analysis

S. No	Particulars	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
1	Capital cost	132000	0	0	0	0	
2	Recurring cost	98000	96975	101674	106607	111788	
3	Total cost	230000	96975	101674	106607	111788	647044
4	Total benefits	180000	194500	209450	219373	229791	1033114
5	Net benefits	-50000	97525	107776	112765	118003	386070
6	Net present worth of cost @15 per cent	647044					
7	Net present worth of benefits @15 per cent	1033114	_				
8	Benefit Cost Ratio	1.60					

Distribution of net profit – As per share in production.

11. Inferences of Economic Analysis

- Pit size for each member has been planned at 10X4X2 ft for one pit.
- Cost of production of vermi-compost comes to Rs. 3.3 per Kg
- Sale of vermi-compost (conservative side) is Rs. 6 per Kg
- Net profit will be Rs. 2.7 per Kg
- This proposed that each member will produce 2.7 tonnes of vermicompost every year resulting in production of 30 tonnes vermicompost by all 11 members of SHG in one year.
- Cost of earthworm has been kept at Rs. 500.00 per kg
- During th second years onwards, there will be surplus earthwork for sale (as it will multiply during the process of production of vermicompost)
- The vermi-compost making is a profitable IGA and can be taken up by the SHG members.

12. Fund requirement:

SI. No.	Particulars	Total	Project	SHG	
31. 140.	i difficulats	Amount (Rs)	support	contribution	
1	Total capital cost	132000	99,000	33,000	
2	Total Recurring Cost	98000	0	98000	
3	Trainings/ capacity	50000	50000	0	
J	building/skill up-gradation	30000			
	Total =	280000	149000	131000	

Note-

- Capital Cost 75% of capital cost to be covered under the Project
- Recurring Cost To be borne by the SHG/CIG.
- Trainings/capacity building/ skill up-gradation To be borne by the Project

13. Sources of fund:

Project support;	• 75% of capital cost will be	Procurement of
	utilized for construction of pit	materials for
	(Size will be of 10ftX4ftX2ft)	pit/construction of pit
	(0.20 Will be of Ferrix HIX211)	will be done by
	• Upto Rs 1 lakh will be	respective DMU/FCCU
	parked in the SHG bank	after following all codal
	account.	formalities.
		(Please refer to Fund
	Trainings/capacity building/	flow guidelines for

	skill up-gradation cost.	further information)
SHG contribution • 25% of capital cost to be borne by SHG, this include cost of shed/construction of shed.		
	 Recurring cost to be borne by SHG 	

14. Bank loan repayment

If the loan is availed from bank it will be in the form of cash credit limit and for CCL there is not repayment schedule; however, the monthly saving and repayment receipt from members should be routed through CCL.

- In CCL, the principal loan outstanding of the SHG must be fully paid to the banks once a year. The interest amount should be paid on a monthly basis.
- In term loans, the repayment must be made as per the repayment schedule in the banks.

15. Trainings/Capacity Building/Skill Up-gradation

Trainings/capacity building/ skill up-gradation cost will be borne by project.

Following are some trainings/capacity building/ skill up-gradation proposed/needed:

- Project Orientation Group Formation/ Reorganization
- Group Concept and Management
- Introduction to IGA (General)
- Marketing and Business Plan Development
- Bank Credit Linkages & Enterprise Development
- Exposure Visit of SHGs/ CIGs Within the State & Outside State

16. Monitoring Mechanism

- Social Audit Committee of the VFDS will monitor the progress and performance of the IGA and suggest corrective action if need be to ensure operation of the unit as per projection.
- SHG should also review the progress and performance of the IGA of each member and suggest corrective action if need be to ensure operation of the unit as per projectio

Group members Photos –

